BY TELEGRAPH.

THE CESSION OF GIBRALTAR-SPANISH BUDGET. Madrid, May 10.-Answering the Cortes regarding action taken towards acquiring Gibraltar, the Minister of State replied, the government fully recognized the importance of the Gibraltar question, but before negotiating for its cession to the government Spain must be strongly organized and financially recognized

Prim denounces as baseless the reports that he contemplates an attempt against the Liberal regime. His future would prove that honor and liberty was his motto. It is reported that General Gambrera, a Carlist leader, had appeared in Catalonia. The financial statement showing an excess of expenditure of 12,000,000 reals over the resources, creates some THE ITALIAN MINISTRY.

FLORENCE, May 10 .- The members of the new Cabinet are : President, Menebrea ; Foreign Minister, Winghette; of Interior, Terrario; of Justice, Mirabelli; of Commerce, Barogne, The ministers of the Marine and War are unchanged.

THE MAYOR OF CORK. LONDON, May 10.—A great mass meeting has been held at Cork, condemming the conduct of the government regarding Mayor O'Sullivan

WASHINGTON. 7

THE VIRGINIA CONSTITUTION-BORIE'S LAST FREAKS-CUBAN AFFAIRS.

Washington, May 10 .- It seems determined that the disfranchising clause of the Virginia Constitution alone shall be submitted to a separate vote. Shrewd Virginians predict that under this plan the constitution will be defeated by an immense majority, as the test oath and county organization clauses are regarded as equally odious, especially the county organization clause, which, it is claimed, involves a ruinous expense to the people. It is considered certain that the election will occur on the first Wednesday in July.

It is stated that a prerequisite to appoint ment to any place in the internal Revenue office is a solemn oath of total abstinence from intoxicating drinks and eigars. The regulations for refunding the tax on

capital invested in this country by foreigners are prepared and in the hands of the printer. Cuban patriots, it is represented here, have resolved upon a defensive policy. They represent that the Cubans have taken positions where they can successfully resist the Span-

Secretary Borie is about to issue an order validating all orders issued over the signature of A. E. Borie, Secretary of the Navy, per D.

D. Porter, Admiral.

Comparatively, the internal revenue is very heavy for the month. The prospects for the customs are also very favorable. Revenue accounts show receipts from whiskey tax have increased since the reduction. Revenue to-day one million and a quarter.

IMPORTANT DECISION BY JUSTICE

HICHMOND, Va., May 10 .- Chief Justice Chase delivered this morning his opinion on the appeal from Judge Underwood's decision in the District Court, declaring null a sen tence passed by Judge Sheffey of the State Court, on the ground of Sheffey's ineligibility under the Fourteenth amendment. The case was that of Casper Griffin, a negro centenced to the penitentiary for shooting a man. The court said the Supreme Court had unanimously concurred in the opinion that a prisoner sentenced by a judge de facto, though not a judge de jure, could not be reac habeas corpus. The decision of the District Court was reversed, and Griffin remanded to the State authorities.

THE CROPS IN GEORGIA.

Augusta, May 10 —The cold weather last week injured the crops in this section. The cotton plant is dying out in the sandy lands, It is feared that the stands will be destroyed and the crops have to be replanted, which wil make the season late.

COMPLETION OF THE PACIFIC BAIL, ROAD.

WASHINGTON, May 10 .- The last spike on the Pacific Bailroad was driven at half past two o'clock to-day, Washington time.

DVING. EGYPT: DYING!

ATLANTA, May 10 .- John Henry Troy, Secre tary of the Workingmen's Association, and late sub-clerk in the State Executive Department, about 35 years old, from New York, shot his negro mistress and shot himself twice, because she wanted to leave him. He exclaimed, "I've shot myself, come and kiss me-I'm dying." Strong hopes are entertained of the recovery

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

George Francis Train has gone to California. The Hebrew Synagogue and the Pastorate at Quincey Illinois, have been destroyed by

Augusta, Georgia, is full of visitors from al parts of Georgia, attending the Railroad Cor-The yellow fever is diminishing in Peru.

The American Consul McLally died at Callao from its effects. A house of ill fame in Chicago was destroy-

ed before night before last, and several of the inmates badly burned. The President has appointed E. E. White

Collector, and Josiah-Millard, Assessor, of the Seventh Virginia District. Thirty-six printers, mostly veteran Wash-

ingtonians, were discharged from the Government Printing Office yesterday. Margaret Pearce, from Charleston, S. C.,

committed suicide in the Merchants' Hotel, Philadelphia, yesterday, by taking oxalic acid. Cause, pecuniary difficulties

Panama news per the steamer Chauncey states that the smallpox is making fearful ravages, though it is thought to be diminishing. The Sanitary Comm ttee are actively engaged in checking the scourge.

—A Sitka correspondent thus describes Alaska scenery: "Take one big mountain, cov-ered with trees from the base nearly to the summit, with an undergrowth of brush briers summit, with an undergrowth of brish. Diers and moss almost impassable; multiply the one by ten thousand, and you have Alaska. There is a terrible sameness. One singular feature of this mass of forest is the absence of birds. I have seen but one tobin in Sitka."

—The Boston authorities have purchased hundreds of iron bird's nests contemplating the more modern housing of the birds in the parks of that city. The nests are in a variety of forms, and are so cons ructed that the birds can hatch their young, be protected from the weather, and also be safe from all intruders. They are attached to the limb of a tree by a screw, and are ventilated from the bottom.

· GOLD FOR COTTON.

The Other Side of the Question.

Your invitation to all who wish to discuss the "Gold for Cotton" doctrine started by the Mobile Board of Trade, has induced me to offer some suggestions upon the subject, trusting it may have some influence with regard to our situation and lay the foundation of permanent

Your able correspondent "R" looks only to one side of the question, colored to suit his fancy, and all of his arguments show a feeling of disappointment and distrust, perhaps from which may high may be supposed to the color of the failure of some pet scheme, which may have been impracticable from the outset, the failure of some pet scheme, which may have been impracticable from the outset, founded upon the obsolete doctrine that "Cotton is King," wherein more of our trouble may be traced than to any other belief, the faith in which, I trust, has become entirely exploded. First, the wants of a country consists in employment for all of its inhabitants devoted to the supply of such necessaries as are required for local consumption, and the surplus of such productions is wealth. Cotton is produced in South Carolina to the exclusion of nearly every article of necessity for domestic uses, those being manufactured in other States where the value of population is appreciated, and drawing from the cotton preducing region all or nearly so of the wealth which should, and would, stop at home if a proper system of manufactures were opened and patronized. There is as much wealth in a dollar earned by a poor man making boots, shoes, hats, cloth There is as much wealth in a donar earned by a poor man making hoots, shoes, hats, clothing and any other article which the grower of cotton consumes, as there is in cotton sold for gold, and the cotton grower ought to consider that if he sells his cotton for gold he will have to pay gold for supplies, as he will have no other medium of, exchange; and to keep his cold at home his supplies must be produced at other medium of exchange; and to keep his gold at home bis supplies must be produced at home, or there will be but little gold left out of the one hundred and eighty millions of dollars which "R" says the crop will sell for. "And from this kind of reasoning I draw the following conclusion: That all of our transactions at first hands should be made in the currency of the country, and il any one has more of greebacks than to pay his debts, it should be invested to opeu such avenues of employment for the people as will enable them to produce such articles as are wanted in their immediate vicinity, and thus paye the way for that indevicinity, and thus pave the way for that inde-pendence which "R" so much desires. But just so long as the white people are compelled to leave their homes for want of employment, to leave their homes for want of employment, so long will the cotton crop be required to pay for those articles manufactured where industries are patronized. Wealth is the surplus after local wants are satisfied, and that wealth cannot accumulate in a community unless all classes are employed about something all classes are employed about something useful to the community, as all are compelled either to earn enough for their subsistence or be supported by pubuc or private charity, living in a community without work, a pauper, supported by those who do work. It ought to be evident to those who have the means that it is for their interest and protection to use those means to encourage the opening of avenues of

for their interest and protection to use those means to encourage the opening of avenues of employment for every branch of industry, where the articles manufactured go for local consumption, turning idle persons into producers of wealth, lightening taxation, and forming a basis upon which to build financial prosperity. There is at the present time white idle lator enough in the city of Charlest n to manufacture all of the agreements in palements need in ture all of the agricultural implements used in the State, together with all the clothing, boots, shoes, hat, &c., requisite for the trade of the entire section of country about us; and yet all of these articles are manufactured out of the State, and we are compelled to give our gold cotton for them, and pay freights, insurance and commission, all of which comes out of our onsumers, whilst the lumber and other materials are at our own doors, and the labor com-pelled to seek that employment elsewhere which is our natural wealth. Diversified emwhich is our natural wealth. Diversines can ployments to the extent of supplying local necessities, and the employment of all the cit-izens of a country in useful business; is a law of economy which cannot be violated without suffering the penalty. Pro Bono Publico.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

-Critics say Titiens is losing her voice. -Eugenie has withered Saint Beuve by

striking his name off the list of her soirces. -A Western critic, wishing to say the handsome thing about Parepa-Rosa, calls her "a washtub full of melody."

-Reichardt, composer of "Thou Art so Near and Yet so Far," has just published a new song called "Of Thee I Think." -Irma de Murska has made a great success

in London as Linda, both by her acting and by her brilliant vocal execution. -The Princess Salm Salm has sued an

author of Stuttgard for having written that she was mistress to Maximilian. -The value of presents made by the Sultan

to the Princess of Wales during her recent visit to the East is estimated at \$400,000. -Alboni is the chief attraction in the fornign performances of Rossini's Mass. Her ren-

dering of the O S.uuaris is encored every night. -His Majesty the King of the Sandwich Islands had a narrow escape from death, by the falling of a cocoanut, while walking in the

grove at his country seat. -Roger, the once celebrated French tenor, is now a music master, and his favorite pupil is Amelia Watson, an English girl, who is said

to have an extraordinary soprano voice. -Miss Violette Colville is an American girl who is studying music in Paris, and Wartel, her instructor, says she will become a Malibran, and that he shall bring her out when she

is eighteen. -Costa, the conductor, has been visiting the King of Prussis, from whom he received the Cross of Officer of the Red Eagle. Costa has also been knighted by Queen Victoria, so he

cannot complain of royal neglect. -Madame Rossini continues at Passy, at her dying husband's request, her Friday dinner parties. Roseini's vacant chair is still at the head of the table, but his favorite dish of maccaroni is omitted from the list of viands.

-The St. Petersburg critics admit that l'auline Lucca, who preceded Adelina Patti at the Imperial Opera iz that city, is a better cantatrice than the Marquise de Caux, but state that the latter was in the hands of such skilful managers that her success was far greater

than that of the Berlin diva. -The grave of Marie Alphonsine Plessis, whose history was the basis of M. Dumas' novel, "La Dame aux Camelias," is still pointed out in one of the Paris cemeteries. It is decorated with flowers daily, and in reply to inquiries by visitors by whom it is done, the keeper of the cemetery replies "M. Armand."

-The Milanese are greatly excited about the presence of Verdi, the composer, in their midst. His new opera, "The Force of Destiny," was performed in his presence at the Scala Theatre amidst extraordinary applause. Verdi was called fifteen times before the curtain during the first performance, and he was after ward serenaded by a very large concourse of

-It has been stated that Victor Hugo, for so long the assailant and bitter enemy of Napoleon and Napoleonic imperialism, had made h's peace with the Emperor, and was about to return to Paris from his exile. A passage in the last chapter of Hugo's story, "The Man who Laughs," has a savage paragraph aimed it Louis Napoleon that precludes the idsa of any such reconciliation between the stern old republican and the French autocrat. Hugo says: "The Englishman's love for his liberty is mixed up with a certain recognition of another man's servitude. This kindly feeling towards the chains that bind a neighbor is pushed sometimes even to enthusiasm on behalf of a despot close at hand." Hugo here gets a double shot at Napoleon, and at the English peo-

THE EXCITEMENT IN WALL-STREET.

A Return to War Times-Trepidation of

The New York journals of Saturday contain lengthy accounts of the excited condition of Wall-street on the previous day. Somewhat different views of the causes and extent of the financial entanglement are taken by different papers, and we reprint sufficient to show the opinions of the leading financial authorities:

THE NEW YORK HERALD. The following is taken from the financial and commercial article of the Herald, dated Friday,

The day in Wall street has been one of the most excited for many months, perhaps for several years. The transactions in all the markets were on an enormous scale, and characterized by the greatest animation. The chief feature was the sudden rise of over three percent in gold the dealings, in which were not cent. in gold, the dealings in which were not less than one hundred and fifty millions of cent. in gold, the dealings in which were not less than one hundred and fifty millions of dollars. At one time a panic seemed imminent in the stock exchange, and there was a sudden and large "drop" in prices, but a reaction ensued at a late hour in the afternoon and the business closed with a better but not an entirely satisfied feeling. This sudden disturbance is to be traced remotely to the increase of the Bank of England rate of discount to four and a half per cent. on Thursday last. The great financial centre of the world is ever jealous of its monetary supremacy. With the threatgned drain of money arising out of the numerous European loans negotiating in the London market, not to speak of the brisk speculation which has sprung up in the United States securities, some prompt step was necessary to make money dearer in the English metropolis. Hence the advance in the rate of discount, which, according to other indices, is really below the open market rate of interest. Stocks were slow to feel this alteration. The decline yesterday was comparatively light. To-day, however, the truth of the situation seemed to break upon the minds of Leudon financiers, and cousols fell to 92} for cash, and fivetteen the dear were those who had private telegrams and the only persons who were not working in the dark were those who had private telegrams the dark were those who had private telegrams direct from their foreign correspondents. It was this decline in bonds which first started the remarkable changes of to-day, and the effect is directly traceable throughout the several branches of Wall-street business.

Government bonds at the opening were heavy and lower in response to the first reports of a decline of one per cent. in five-twenties at London. Gold under this influence took an upward early immediately after the opening of

the Gold Room. The rise in gold going to the other side of the Atlantic caused a further decline there in bonds, and the report which came back was given to the street with all sorts of amendments and additions, announceing among other things that there was a panic in London; that the Bank of England had advanced its discount rate still farther; that im-mense foreign orders had been received to buy gold, and that the great powers of Europe had gold, and that the great powers of Europe had united in the offongive toward the United States in the matter of recognizing Cuban independence and suffering Cuban filibusters to leave our ports. That there has been considerable commotion in the London money market there is no doubt. But the cable informs us of a renewal of the Fenian outbreak in Ireland, and which is probably a prominent when the progressive as it the unexperience has prominent as it. cause of the uneasiness, happening as it does at a moment when the foreign loans and the speculations in our securities have rendered the market quite active. Under the combination of these influences, as well as in consequence of the semi-official announcement from Washington that Secretary Boutwell confirm Washington that Secretary Boutwell confrom Washington that Secretary Boutwell, consistent in his policy of presolution, was unwilling to exercise the privileges of the Sinking Fand act before the close of the fiscal year, governments sank rapidly until the 62's touched 117 and the 67's 114\(\) 11 decline of one and three-quarters per cent. From this point, however, there was a reaction, in consequence of the higher prive of gol 1 and a recovery to much better figures at the close of business, when the following quotations prevailed: United States sixes, 1881. registered, 118\(\) 118\(\) 118\(\) 118\(\) 13118\(\) 2; do. do. coupon, 1862, 113\(\) 117\(\) 113\(\) 17\(\) 1365, new, 1865, new, from Washington that Secretary Boutwell, con-

do. do., coupon. 1864, 113.113½; do. do. coupon, 1865, 114¼a114½; do. do., coupon. 1865, new, 115¼a115½; do. do., coupon. 1867, 115¼a115½; do. do., coupon. 1867, 115¼a115½; do. to., coupon. 1868, 115¼a115½; do. ten-torties, regristered, 107¼a107½; do. do., coupon, 107½a 107½; ourrency bonds, 106¼a106½.

In gold the effects were perhaps more directly visible. Early in the forenoon sales were made as low as 136½, the closing price of the previous day. By noon the price had risen to 137¼. This rise was followed by the sudden decline in bonds at London, about which the reports were so contradictory, all uniting that reports were so contradictory, all uniting that reports were so contractory, an uniting that it was quite large, but none agreeing as to the exact extent. In the interval to the return dispatch gold was steady (1) at 1374_1872. Soon after three o'clock the earliest recipients of the news began their purobases, and the price

went rapidly up to 1394, yielding later to 1384. The range of prices was as follows:	
10.00 A. M	1 2 00 P. M1371
10.10 A. M1363	2.05 P. M1373
10.12 A. M 136%	(3.00 P. M137 b
10.21 A. M	3 30 P. M1375
10.22 A. M137	3.55 P. M 1385
10.25 A. M 1373	4.00 P. M1383
10 35 A. M137 ½	4 15 P. M
11.00 A. M137	4.30 P. M139
12.00 M137 k	4.40 P. M139 k
12.30 P. M1373	4.45 P. M139
1 00 P. M 1374	5.00 P. M1383

Such was the excitement that the Gold Room was occupied until after six o'clock. Cash gold continued in good supply. Loans were made at 7 and 8 per cent and 1 32 before Clearing House, and at 4.6 and 7 per cent afterwards for carrying. One transaction was recorded at flat. The report of the Gold Exchange Bank shows the heavy business of yesterday. The following are the figures:

 Gold cleared
 \$124 839,000

 Gold balances
 3,063,696

 Currency balances
 4,623,998

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The following is taken from the Times' monev article dated Friday night :

The very sharp and unlooked-for turn in the London market of yesterday, and its further effect this morning upon the English as well as the American funds and railways, caused an as the American tunds and railways, closed an advance of 1a124 per cent. in our gold market andia decline of 1a14 per cent. in the Unite States fands, the latter showing the greatest weakness on United States 5-20s of 1865-67, July and January interest, because of the appearance of one or two heavy operators for the bear account. The price fell from 1164 to 154, then recovered to 1163161 and again fell back. then recovered to 116a116;, and again fell back to 115 af per cent. The private telegrams from London to-day notice a quick demand tor from London to-day notice a quick demand for money and the marked depression of all stocks, but make no satisfactory reference to the cause of the trouble. The gold speculators here made the best possible use of the news, but in other departments of the exchange there were no signs of panic excitement; the decline in United States 5-20s and other descriptions of the lands caused no alarm and no tions of the funds caused no alarm and no anxiety on the part of holders to press sales; the demand for money was barely equal to the offerings early in the day at 7 per cent., and at or near the close of bank hours the balances tendered to the brokers was largely in excess or tendored to the brokers was largely in excess of their wants, and the railway movement was the strongest which we have had to report at any time during the week. New York 'emiral touched 180 per cent.; Fort Wayne, 1505 per cent.; Michigan Southern, 1065 per cent., and the Northwests and Reading firm. Hudson and Hailem were higher, in sympathy with New York Central and the probable passage of all the Vanderbill Railway bils at Albany this all the Vanderbilt Railway bills at Albany this sternoon or to-night. The business of the day was quite large in the New York stocks, and in many of the Westerns. The Bo.der State bonds were generally firm. The miscellarcove share were well supported but fees laneous shares were well sup from speculative excitement.

THE LVENING POST. The following is from the Post's money arti-

cle, dated Saturday, noon: Affairs at the Stock Exchange continue fe-verish and unsettled in every dipartment. In the gold market the wildest excitement has prevailed. The carliest sale before the formal prevailed. The carliest sale before the formal opening of the room was 1 139½, after which there was an advance to 139½, from which point there was a decline to 138½—the first recorded it ansaction; later a sale was made at 138½, which was followed by an advance to 139 a uewhich was followed by an advance to 139 a de-cline to 138, and another advance to 1384. At this point a determined effort was made to break the market, and in almost an instant the price at all.

was depressed to 137a a 137a, from which there was a reaction to 138ai, the present quotations. These fluctuations have been chiefly in response to the varying quotations of 5-20s in London, which, according to dispatches received by leading German bankers, have been as follows: 76i, 76i, 76i, 77j and 77i. The private advices from London, while differing in some cases as to the privac of bonds, agree in saying that the London money market is stringent, and that an unsettled feeling prevails. From the fact, however, that consols at the opening and that an unsettled feeling prevails. From the fact, however, that consols at the opening were quoted 92 and 93; for account, and at one o'clock at 92; and 92; for account, it would seem that as the day advanced there was a relaxation in the monetary stringency. Some of the private dispatches received also say that the Bank of England has to-day, as well as yesterday, refused to lend on Consols at six per cent., although the bank minimum rate is still 41 per part and from this it is inferred cent., although the bank minimum rate is still 4½ per "ont., and from this it is inferred that on Mondry ext the bank rate will again be advanced; this would be an unusual proceeding, and one only justified by extraordinary events. The position of the principal speculators in the room has been reversed in the last two days, and those who were conspicuous in the rise from 133 to 133½:137 are now struggling to keep the premium down; vesterday and the day before they sold the large amount they held, and it is reported made heavy speculative sales in the belief that the rise had culminated. Among the buyers have been some of the leading foreign bankers who have been less influenced by purely speculative considerations. At the opening cash gold was considerations. At the opening cash gold was extremely abundant, and as high as 16 per cent, per annum was paid for carrying over gold balances; late the carrying rate declined to five

CHARLESTON, S. C., TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 11, 1869.

per cent.

In the money market there is an ample supply, and good borrowers have no difficulty in supplying their wants at seven per cent.; exceptional transactions are reported, on pledge of government bonds, at six. Commercial paper is without important change, rates on prime acceptances still ruling at 7½ to 9 per cent.

ent. The government bond market late last even-The government bond market late last evening was on the verge of a panie, owing to the unfavorable London advices. This morning, when it was announced that the Secretary of the Treasury would purchase each week, until further notice, one million dollars of the lowest price 5-20's offered, the market became strong and excited, and advanced from ½ to 1 per cent, on last evening's lowest quotations.

THE CAIRNES MURDER TRIAL.

The Interest Among the People--Demes nor and Treatment of the Accused.

A correspondent of the Baltimore Sun gives the following account of the trial of Martha J. Cairnes, now in progress at Belair, Maryland. Miss Cairnes, it will be remembered, shot and killed Nicholas McComas, who had seduced her under promise of marriage:

The trial of Miss Martha J. Cairnes for the murder of Nicholas McComas, which is now in progress here, is the all-absorbing theme of conversation in all circles. The courtiouse is thronged not only with the people of this town, and those residing in the vicinity where the dated was committed, but by persons from the most remote parts of the county, drawn together by the general interest, which seems to attach to the affair. Contrary to general expectation, but little difficulty was experienced in obtaining a jury, and the trial was immediately proceeded with. The flower of the bar of Hariord County having been secured for the defence, Governor Bovie, on application of P. H. Rutledge, Esq., the State's attorney, requested Attorney-General Jones to assist in the prosecution. In consequence of the dilapidated condition of the county jail, the county authorities did not regard it as a fit place in which to confine a female prisoner, and Miss The trial of Miss Martha J. Cairnes for the which to confine a female prisoner, and Miss Cairnes has accordingly been placed upon her parole, and has her quarters at Gleun's Hotel, where accommodations have been provided for her by her friends. She is under no surveillance whatever, eats at is under no surveillance whatever, cats at the public table, and moves in and out of her roomet pleasure, and has been in the habit of promenading and shopping on the streets until this week. She is escorted to and from the courthouse by Sheriff Young, leaning upon his arm as any other lady, and left by him at the hotel with a polite bow. Upon Miss Cairnes entering the courtroom the dense crowd discharged with the utmost respect, makes a rides, and, with the utmost respect, makes vides, and, with the utmost respect, make a passage way for her to the inside of the bar. At the hotel she is constantly in the receipt of expressions of kindness from sympathizing friends and well-wishers. She wears a plain but neat light purple dress, lilac kid gloves, white texpet and ribbons, and seems neither. to court or avoid observation. to court or avoid observation. There is no dif-ficulty in at once perceiving that the large ma-jority of the community uphold her and count confidently upon her acquittal, contending that she was fully justified in her action, while it is also true that no inconsiderable portion mix with their sympathy regrets that human life should ever be deliberately taken unless by sanction of the law.

When the trust formally commenced, Attor-ray General Jones opened the case on the part

When the trial formally commenced, Attorney-General Jones opened the case on the part of the prosecution, the three judges being all on the beach. The learned Attorney-General made a calm and dispassionate argument, picturing the dangers to society if the wanton slaying of a human being in defiance of law was to go unrebuked. Henry W. Archer, Esq., on behalf of the defence, made a most impassioned and eluquent address, appealing to the feelings of the jury in such a manner as to draw tears not only from some of them and the prisoner, but from many of the spectators, and even to sensibly affect the beach and the bar. prisoner, but from his of the beach and the bar. From the indications so far brought out it is assumed that the prosecution will endeavor to prove that the killing was deliberate and premeditated, and that the prisoner was aided and abetted by her brother, Richard Cairnes. The most important witness relied on by the prosetion to prove the brother's complicity is a little girl, Miss Ella Hope, who was riding bebind him on his horse on the evening of the murder. She is, however, returned by the sheriff as non est, and it is said that she has left the

The grand jury refused to indict the brother, regarding the facts stated as insufficient to im-plicate him. The detence will claim that the accused was insane at the time of the commission of the act and for some time previous, or int of AcComas's treatment towards her account of accomas's treatment towards her During the progress of the trial the demeano of the accused has been generally one of un-concern, mostly occupying the time in gazing listlessly around and fauning herself. But this atternoon, when the witnesses called by her counsel were all testifying to her high charac-ter and womanly virtues, she was visibly moved, and although her eyes were still tearless, her pale face was momentarily suffused, and the miscles around the mouth twitched nervously and beyond her control. When the nervously and beyond the country. When the old hady, her mother, was placed on the stand, she bent her eyes on the floor, but listened attentively, and at the sight of mother and daughter in such different situations, and under such trying circumstances, a thrill of sympastic trying circumstances, a thrill of sympastic trying circumstances, a thrill of sympastic trying circumstances.

thy ran through all who were present. thy ran through all who were present.

Mr. Archer, who is now acting as the leading counsel for Miss Carries, was retained by the deceased (McComas) as his counsel in a suit brought against him last winter by Miss Cairnes for breach of promise of marriace, which suit was never brought to trial. The widowed mother and three sisters of McComas were dependent on him for support, and his friends assert that his pecuniary condition do

not admit of his marriage.

To-night Miss Cairnes held quite a levee at her hotel, visitors of both fox constantly coming and going, and almost all proffering enders of the way in fine spirits. About couragement. She was in fine spirits. About ten o'clock she was seren ided. as, was also the jury sitting in her case, who are quartered at Mrs. Ashton's.

-The manufacturers of Baltimore are in creasing. The Sun of that city says: "In different quarters new establishments are appearing, and the indications are of a steady advancement of Baltimore as a manufacturing city. Baltimore has long been celebrated for the hudding of the progression. the building of locomotives and marine en-gines, for her machine shops, rolling mills, ag-gricultural implement establishments, and other branches of mechanical productions, and here are other manufactures of more recen growth and of considerable importance.

-Cora Pearl has been arrested on a charge of having resisted officers of the law in the dis-charge of their duty. Unless some of her in-fluential friends should come to her assistance, to e great demi-mondaine has a very fine pros-pect of passing six months at the very un-pleas in place called st. Lezare, where bad girls must work very hard, get little to eat. and worse than all, are not permitted to talk

AFFAIRS IN ORANGEBURG.

ORANGEBURG, May 8 .- The cool spell continues, and with it an increased apprehension that the cotton plant will suffer to a great extent, if the injury is not already done.

The past week has been occupied in court business, Judge Carpenter presiding, and Mr. Chamberlain representing the State. The docket is extensive with cases of the kind peculiar to the culprits-i. e., hog, corn and cotton stealing-and a precious batch of the newly enfranchised will soon present themselves at the penitentiary for involuntary but muchneeded ablution, and afterward for State pa-

The juries are dominoed. "Shades of the past!" Occasionally a colored juror compliments the counsel and court by indulging in a snooze. Why not? It is all dreamland to him any way. Justice, we fear, is "gang aglee," and Tyraony has torn the blindfold from her Last Saturday the pupils of Miss Albergot-

tie's popular ceminary celebrated the May festival. It was an occasion of much happiness to the joyous young people, reflecting great credit upon the principal and her charge. An unusual amount of social equality is

being practiced to-day by a tew of the "trooly loil" and scalawags who are candidates for school commissioners. QUELQUEFOIS.

Married.

CANNON-McCULLY.—On the evening of May 5th, by the Rev. W. P. MOUZON, Mr. R. J. CANNON and Miss MARY TOLAND MCCULLY, both of Ben-

Special Motices.

TIES, SCARFS, GLOVE , UNDER-WEAR AND HOSIERY, at

BLACKWELL'S. No. 219 King-street.

WITH DYSPEPTICS EVERYTHING IS WRONG. Food does not digest; sleep does not remusic does not charm, nor can any other joy enter the breast of the miserable despeptic. You must get life will be a burden and existence a curse. PLAN-TATION BITTERS will do away with all this. New life, scrength and energy will take possession of you. The damask will again bloom upon your cheek, and the ustre in your eye will again be as bright as in your healthiest, happiest and most joyous days.

MAGNOLIA WATER .- Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

May 11 tutha3

having demands against the Estate of JOHN J BROWNING, late of Charleston County, de ceased, will present their c'aims attested, within the time prescribed by law. to G. H. Sass, J-sq., Attorney at Law, No. 98 B. oad. street, and all indebted to said Estate will make payment to the same. ADDIE J. BROWNING, April 27 WUNION BANK OF SOUTH CAROLINA. CHARLESTON, APRIL 29, 1869 .- The Comptroller-

tion of business under the provisions of the late Act of the General Assembly, the B. ard of Directors desire a meeting of the Stockholders in connection A meeting will therefore be held at the Banking

General of the State having approved the official

statement of this Bank, and authorized the resump

House, on East Bay-street, on THURSDAY, 20th May proximo, at Twelve o'clock M.

By order of the Board. May 11 turbs H. D. ALEXANDER, Cashier. UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVE-NUE - COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, SECOND DIS-TRICT, SOUTH CAROLINA-CHARLESION, MAY 1, 1869.—The undersigned, Collector, will be in attendance at No. 48 Broad-street, Charleston, until May 31st, to receive from residents of the City of Charleston, St. James' Santee, St. James' Goosecreek, St. Thomas and St. Dennis, St. John's Berkeley, St. some influences; but this protection is imperfect, Christ Church, Special or License Taxes, also Taxes or under circumstances of more than ordinary can-on Income, Billiard Tables, Carriages, Plate and ger. Therefore, it is wisdom, it is prudence, it is

Gold Watches, included in the annual list for 1869. Unless payments are made on or before the day above named, the law imposes additional charges.

Taxpayers are informed that the Collector has no power to deduct the five per cent, penalty and one er cent. ver month interest on taxes not paid with-

Neither is the Collector responsible if the parties who require Licenses do not receive their notices, as they are invariably put in the Postoffice. All Licenses

are due ten days from date of notice. WILLIAM R. CLOUTMAN,

DR. WRIGHT'S REJUVENATING LIXIR, OR ESSENCE OF LIFE, cures General Debuity, Weakness, Hysterics in Females, Palpitation of the Heart and all Nervous Diseases. It restores new life and vigor to the aged, causing the hot blood of youth to course the veins, restoring the Organs of Generation, removing Impotency and Debility, restoring Manliness and full vigor, thus proving a perfect "Elixir of Love," removing Sterility and Barrenuess in both sexes. To the young, middle aged and aged, there is no greater boon than this "Elixir of Life." It gives a new lease of life, cancing the week and debilitated to have renewed with joy and pleasure.
Price—One bottle \$2; Three bottles \$5.

Sold in Charleston, S. C., by Dr. H. BAER, A. W. ECKEL & CO., G. W. AIMAB, W. A. EKEINE, ED. S. BURNHAM and RAOUL & LYNAH. tuthseow3

February 16 DAC ROSADALIS! ROSADALIS!-BOILS, CARBUNCLES, ERUPTIONS AND PIMPLES ON THE FACE, Sallowness of the Complexion, General Debility, are brought about by an impure state of the blood. Rosadalis has been found to be a permanent cure for this class of diseases. It should be taken until all the morbid matter is carried out of the sysm, and the blood is changed from its vitiated condition to its healthy and normal state. It is safe and effectual, never produces the slightest injury, contains no mercury or other poionous mineral. If you are suffering with any of these a normal conditions of system, try a bottle If you have a friend in a similar condition, send him a bottle and he will ever thank you. Ask your druggist for it.

GOODRICH WINEMAN & CO., Importers of Drugs and Chemicals, Charleston, S. C.

CHEROKEE PILLS, OR FEMALE REGULATOR .- Cure Suppressed, Excessive and Painful Menstrustion, Green Sickness. Nervous and Spinal affections, Pains in the Back, Hysterics, Sick-Headache, Giddiness, and all diseases that spring from irregul rity, by removing the cau-e and all the effects that arise from it. They are perfectly safe in all cases, except when torbidden by directions, and are easy to administer, as they are nicely Sugarcoated. They should be in the hands of every Maken, Wife and Mother in the land. The Cherokee Pills are sold by all druggists, at \$1

sold in barleston, s. C., by A. W. ECKEL & CO., G. W. AIMAR, W. A. SERINE, RAOUL & LYNAH, ED, S. BURNHAM and Dr. H. BAER. February 16 Dao tuthseow3mon

NO CURE! NO PAY!-FORREST'S JUNIPER TAR is warranted to cure Coughs, Croup Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Spitting of Blood and Lung Diseases. Immediate relief produced. Try it; if not sati-fied, return the empty bottles and ge your money back. Sold wholesale and Retail by the Agent,

> Corner King and Vanderhorst streets. Brice 35 cents.

G. W. AIMAR, Druggist,

Shipping. Special Notices.

CONSIGNEES PER-STEAMSHIP

MANHATTAN, from New York, are notified that she

is This Day discharging cargo at Adger's South

Wharf. Goods remaining un alled for at sunset wil

AT THE FIRST ANNUAL MEETING

of the Painters' Charitable Association No. 3, organ-

C. H. V. O'NEAL, Chairman Standing Committee.

CONVENTION.—THE SEVENT-NINTH

Annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal

Church in South Carolina will meet in St. Philip's

Arrangements have been made with the Railroad

FIFTY-NINTH ANNIVERSARY OF

THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL SOCIETY FOR

THE ADVANCEMENT OF CHRISTIANITY IN

SOUTH CAROLINA .- The Anniversary Sermon will

NING, 12th instant. Service to commence at Eight

The Annual Meeting of the Society will be held at

the same Church on THURSDAY EVENING, 13th inst,

CREDITORS'NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS

indebted to Mr. GEORGE H. GRUBER are requested

to make payments to either Mr. GEORGE H.

GRUBER, or to Mr. G. W. GRUBER, (to be found at

Mesers. CORWIN'S STORE, KING-STREET,) during

the month. After the first of June, all indebtedness

unpaid will be placed into the hands of a Magistrate

in order to wind up the affairs as speedily as possible.

VERGNE'S ELECTRO-CHEMICAL

BATHS .- A BRANCH OF DR. VERGNE'S (OF NEW

YORK) Electro-Chemical Baths is now established

and in daily operation in Meeting, one door above

Budson-street, over the office of Dr. P. T. SCHLEY

who has a private room for the especial accommoda

tion of those who wish to be treated by the Medi-

cated Baths, which are celebrated for the cure of all

diseases produced by the too liberal use of Mercury

in any of its forms; also Rheumatism, acute an

chronic; Gout, Lead Poisoning in any form, Nervous

Affections, Debility, and Chronic Diseases gener

Dr. S. will administer the Baths by instruction

direct from the discoverer, Dr. V., which embrace

CHEROKEE CURE, THE GREAT IN-

DIAN MEDICINE, cures all diseases caused by self

abuse, viz: Spermatorrhea, seminal Weakness

Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, Universal Lassi-

tude. Pains in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Prema-

ture Old age, Weak Nerves, Difficult Breathing,

Pale Countenance, Invanity, Consumption, and all

diseases that follow as a sequence of youthful indis-

The Cherokee Cure will restore health and vigor.

top the emissions, and effect a permanent cure after

LET US PROTECT OURSELVES .-

The physical structure of the strongest human be

ing is vulnerable everywhere. Our bodies are en-

dowed by nature with a certain negative power

which protects them, to some extent, from unwhole-

common sense to provide against such contingencies,

by taking an ANTIDOTE IN ADVANCE; in other words, by fortifying the system with HOSTETTER'S STO-MACH BITIERS—the most complete protective

against all the epidemic and endemic muladies that

has ever been administered in any country. As a

remedy for Dyspepsia, there is no medicine that will

compare with it. Whoever suffers the pangs of in-

digestion, anywhere on the face of the earth where

tion. To the nervous it is also especially recor mended, and in cases of confirmed constipation i

In all cases of fever and ague the BITTERS is

more potent than any amount of quinine, while the

most dangerous cases of biliou? fever yield to its

wonderful properties Those who have tried the

medicine will never use another, for any of the ail-

ments which the HOSIETIER BITTERS professe

Urinary Complaints, viz: Gravel, Inflammation of

the Bladder and Kindeys, Retention of Urine, Stric-

tures of the Urethra, Dropsical swellings, Brick Dust

Deposits, and all diseases that require a diuretic,

and when used in conjunction with the CHEROKEE

INJECTION, does not tail to cure Gonorrhea, Gleet

and all mucous Discharges in Male or cemale, cur-

ing recent cases in from one to three days, and is es-

pecially recommended in those cases of Fluor Albus or Whites in Females. The two medicines used in

conjunction will not fail to remove this disagreeable

complaint, and in those cases where other medicines

Price-Remedy, One Bottle, \$2; Three Bottles \$5.

Sold in Charleston, S. C., by G. W. AIMAR, A. W.

ECKEL & CO., W. A. SKRINE, ED. S. BURNHAM,

Dr. H. BAER and BAOUL & LYNAH.

No, 36 Broad-street,

BROKERS, AUCTIONEERS, REAL ESTATE

AND

Will stitend to Renting and Ollecting of Rents and purchase and sa'e of Sto-s, Bonds, Gold,

Will attend to Renting and Sheeting of Rents and purchase and sale of Stores, Bonds, Gold, Silver and Real Estarc.

ALSO

To the Purchase of Goods and Supplies for parties in the country upon reasonable erms.

GROGGE L. HOLMES......ALEXANDER MACRETH

FACTORS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS

SHIPPING AGENTS.

WILL ATTEND TO THE PURCHASE, SALE AND

SHIPMENT (to Foreign and Domestic Ports) of

COTTON, RICE, LUMBER AND NAVAL STORES.

WILLIE R. CHISOLM

EXCURSIONS ABOUND THE HARBOR

THE FINE, FAST SAILING AND COMFORTABLY appointed Yacht FLEANOE
will resume her type to bisteric points in
the harbor, and will ease Government
Wharf daily at len A, M, and For T, M.
For Passage apply to TH MAY NULLYO

ATLANTIC WHARF Charleston, S. C.

GENERAL CUMMISSION AGENTS

Charleston, S. C., '

Price-Injection, One Bottle. \$2; Three Bottles \$5.

also affords speedy and permanent relief.

by disease of the digestive organs.

have been used without success.

HOLMES & MACBETH.

WILLIS & CHISOLM.

For Passage apply to December 18

many recent and useful hints.

all other medicines have failed.

BURNHAM and Dr. H. BAER.

all druggists. -

February 16

JOHN D. MCCOLLOUH,

JOHN HANCKEL.

Recording Secretary.

H. GERDTS & CO.,

Companies to carry the members of the Convention

tuths4

Church, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant. Divine service will commence at Ten o'clock A. M.

to and from the city for one fare.

at Eight o'clock.

JAMES ADGER & CO.,

be stored at owners risk and expense.

elected to serve the ensuing year:

THEO. C. DUPR'E, Vice-President.

JOHN L. MERCHANT, Secretary,

H. C. HAMMOND, President.

BENJ. WHITE, Treasurer.

May 11

NEW YORK AND CHARLESTON STEAMSHIP LINE.

FOR NEW YORK.

CABIN PASSAGE \$20.

AT No Bills of Lading signed after the sailing o

FOR PHILADELPHIA AND BOSION.

REGULAR EVERY THURSDAY.

For Freight or Passage apply to
JOHN & 1HEO, GETTY,

BALTIMORE AND CHARLESTON

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SEA GULL, Captain Durron, May 25th, at 5 o'c ork MARYLAND, Captain Johns N. May 29th, at 0

o'clock A. M.

Through Bills Lading signed for all classes of Freight to BOSTON, PHILADEL PHIA. WILMIDS TON DEL., WASHINGTON CITY, and the NOEL :-

FOR NEW YORK. REGULAR LINE EVERY WEDNES

THE STEAMMER SARARGOCaptain O. Rypen, win leave \
dernorat's Wearf, on Wedness
May 12, 1869, a 19 o'dlock a. M
May 6

THE STEAMMER SARARGOCaptain O. Rypen Sarargo
RAVENEU & GO. Aget'

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE FIRST CLASS IRON SCREW
Steamship MARMORA, R. M. Bonisson Commander, having a portion of her cargo engaged, will said

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMFY

ville and Palatka, and will remain at St. Augustne nearly a whole day, giving excursionists ample time to visit points of interest about the city. Tickets for the round trip, \$25. Meals and State-

THE STEAMER EMILIE, CAPT.
P. C. LEWIS, WILL leave South Commercial Wharf as above every WEDNESDAY MORNng. at 8 o'clock. Heturning, will leave Edisto at 9 o'clock on

FOR CHE TAW,
GEORGETOWN AND ALL LANDINGS ON THE PEEDEE RIVER.

THE STEAMER MARION, CAPTAIN JT. FOSTER, is receiving Freight at Accommodation where, and will leave THURSDAY NIGHT. The 13th instant.

N. B.—Hereafter the MARION will leave on the 1stof every mouth for the Santee River, and on the 16th for the Peedee.

JOHN FERGUSON.

May 11

EXTRA TRIP TO SAVANNAH.
THE ELEGANT STEAMER CITY
POINT, Capiain Geo. E. McMILLAN,
will leave Charleston for Savannah on WEDNEADAX to subdue. To those who have not made the ex periment we cordially re-ommend an early appl cation to the BITTERS whenever they are stricker LVENING, at 9 o'clock. CHEROKEE REMEDY CURES ALL

FOR SAVANNAH-INLAND ROUTE, VIA BEAUFORT AND HILTON HEAD. THROUGH TICKETS TO FLORIDA.

BETURNING.

Will leave Savannah for Charleston on SUNDA For reight or Passage, apply to April 29 J. D. AIKEN & CO., Agents.

THE S EAMER FANNIE, CAP-TAIN ADAIR will leave accommoda-tion Whart every WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 8 o'clock. Returning, leave Edisto at 3 o'clock on TEURSDAY.

April 26

Accommodation Wharf.

FUR PALATHA, FLURIDA.

VIA BAVANNAH, FIRNANDINA AND JACKSONVILLE.

THE FIRST-CASS STEAM BE
DIOTATOR, Captain WM. T. MONELTY will sail from Charleston ever Justacy Beening,
at Nine o'cleck, for 'be above points.

The first-class Steamer SITY FOINT, Captain Gro.
P. MoMillan will sail from Charleston every Friday Frening, a Nine o'clock, for above points.

Connecting with the Central Editional at Savannah
for Mobile and New Orleans, and with the Florida
Bailroad at Fernandim: for Centra Fers, at which
point steemers connect with New Orleans Mobile,
Persacola fiely Vest and H-vana.

Through Bills Laining given for Freight to Mobile,
Pensacola and New Orleans.

Connecting with H. N. Hart's neomers Oclawaha
and Graft, for Siters Springs and Lakee Griffin, Rustis, Harris and Durham.

and Gright for Street Street Street and the Harris and Furthern

M. Alt freet's a yable on the wharf
Goods not removed at starset and be stored at ris
and extract and of the
For Fordalt or Pressure energement, apply to
J. D. AIEEN & CO., agents,
Substitute of the Street Street and Staterooms.
N. P.—No extra charge for Meals and Staterooms.
Notember 21

THE FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WEEEL STEAMSHIP MANHATTAN, WOOD-HULL Commander, will leave Ad-ger's Whart on SATURDAY, 15th inst,

the steamer,

Through Bills Lading given to Boston and
Providence, R. I.

Insurance can be obtained by these steamers at 1/2 per cent.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents,

Corner Adger's Wharf and East Bay (Up-stairs.)

May 10

6

THE STEAMSHIP J. W. EVEI-MAN, Captain SNTDER, will kare North Atlantic Wharf, on TRURSDAY, 13th Inst., at 12 M.

THE STEAMERS OF THIS LING are appointed to sail on the folloing days for BALTIMORE during the month of May:

SEA GULL, Captain DUTTON. May 11th, at 5 o'c'ock
P. M. STEAMERS OF THIS LING ARE ARE ARE ARE ARE ARE ARE ARE A

be preached at Grace Church on WEDNESDAY EVE-P. M.
MABYLAND, Captain JOHNSON, May 15th, a 10
o'clock A. M.
FALCON, Captain HORSEY, May 20th at 136 o'clock

ON. DELL, WASHINGTON, OR THE NHOLM, COURTENAY & TRUNHOLM, Union Wharve.

PASSAGE +20.

CHARLESTON AND LIVERPOOL STEAMSLE

tion of her cargo engaged, will sail on or about 10th instant.

For Freight engagements, apply to

ROBERT MURE & CO.,

Boyco's Wharf.

N. B.—Insurance taken by this vessel at five-eighths per cent.

THROUGH LIN... 10

CALIFORNIA. CHINA AND JAPAN.
CHANGE OF SAILING DATS!

SIEAMERS OF THE ABOVE
in leave Pier No. 42, North Biye...
foot of Canal street. New York, at
12 o'clock noon, of the 1st, 11th and
21st of every month (except when these dates laif
en Sunday, then the Saturday preadding).
Departure of 1st and 21st connect at Parsama with
steamers for South Pacific and Central American
ports. Those of 1st touch at Marraullo.
Departure of 1th of each month connects with
the new steam line from Panama to Australia and
New Zealand.
Steamship GREAT REPUBLIC leaves San Francisco for China and Japan July 3, 1869.
No California steamers touch at Havena, but of
direct from New York to Aspinwall.
One hundred pounds baggage tree to each addia,
Medicine and attendance free.
For Passage Tickets or further information at 2
at the OOMPANY'S TICKET OFFICE, on the what
foot of Canal-street, North River. New York.
March 12

Iyr F. R. BABY, Agent

EXCURSION TRIP TO ST. AUGUSTINF,

Price \$2 per bottle, or three bottles for \$5. Sold by Sold in Charleston, S. C., by W. A. SKRINE, RAOU. & LYNAH. A. W. ECKEL & CO., ED. S.

> EXCURSION TRIP TO ST. AUGUSTINE, THE STEAMER CITY POINT, captain George E. McMillam, will make an Excursion Trip to St. Aucustine, leaving Charleston on Friday, 21st May, 24 9 clock P. M. She will touch at Sayannah, Fernandina, Jackson-

coms, &c., included.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
J. D. Alken & CO., Agents,
J. D. Alken & Co., Agents,

FOR EDISTO,
ENTERPRISE, ROCKVILLE, WAITING POINT,
AND SIMON'S BLUFF.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS can be procured, does so voluntarily; for, as surely as truth exists, this invaluable TONIO and ALTERATIVE would HUBBOAY.
Freight received This Day. Apply to
SHACKELFOR & KELLY, Agents,
May 11
No. 1 Boyce's Whar restore his disordered stomach to a healthy condi-

EVENING, at 9 O'ClOCK.

RETURNING:
She will leave Savannah for Charleston every THURS
DAY AFFERNOON, at 4 o'Clock.
For freight or passage, apply to
J. D. AlKEN & CO.. Agents,
J. D. AlKEN & CO.. Agents,

ON AND AFTER MAY 1ST PASSAGES REDUCED.

FOR SAVANNAH.

THE STEAM'RE DICTATOR
CAPTAIN W. T. MCNELTT, will sai

EDISTO, ROCKVILLE AND ENTER-

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JOHN FERGUSON,
April 26
Accommodation Wharf.